The Slow Carb Diet is a dietary approach popularized by Tim Ferriss in his book "The 4-Hour Body." The diet emphasizes foods that are slowly digested and absorbed, aiming to help people lose weight, maintain stable energy levels, and avoid large spikes in blood sugar.

Here are the basic rules and principles of the Slow Carb Diet:

- 1. **Avoid "White" Carbohydrates**: This includes all bread, rice (including brown), cereal, potatoes, pasta, tortillas, and fried food with breading. The only exception to this rule is within 1.5 hours of finishing a resistance-training workout like lifting weights when you can eat white carbohydrates.
- 2. **Eat the Same Few Meals Over and Over Again**: It's recommended to select three or four meals and repeat them. Most people on the diet have a small set of meals they eat, making it easy to keep track and prepare.
- 3. **Don't Drink Calories**: Drink massive amounts of water and as much unsweetened coffee, tea, or other non-caloric/low-calorie beverages as you like. Avoid sodas and fruit juices. A notable exception is one glass of red wine per night, which is allowed.
- 4. **Don't Eat Fruit**: Tomatoes and avocados are exceptions (though they should be eaten in moderation). Most fruits are high in fructose, which the diet suggests can hinder weight loss.
- 5. **Take One "Cheat Day" Off Per Week**: This is sometimes called the "Faturday," where you can eat whatever you want. The idea behind this is to spike calorie intake once per week to ensure that your metabolic rate doesn't downregulate from extended caloric restriction.

- 6. **Eat Legumes**: Beans, lentils, and chickpeas are primary sources of carbohydrates on the Slow Carb Diet.
- 7. **Consume Lean Protein**: This includes chicken, beef, fish, pork, and egg whites.
- 8. **Eat Vegetables**: Non-starchy vegetables like spinach, broccoli, and green beans are staples.

The Slow Carb Diet is not just about weight loss, but also about improving body composition. As with any diet, individual results may vary, and it's essential to consult with a healthcare professional or nutritionist before starting a new diet regimen.